1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	EDMUND G. BROWN JR., Attorney General of the State of California GLORIA A. BARRIOS Supervising Deputy Attorney General MICHEL W. VALENTINE, State Bar No. 153078 Deputy Attorney General 300 So. Spring Street, Suite 1702 Los Angeles, CA 90013 Telephone: (213) 897-1034 Facsimile: (213) 897-2804 Attorneys for Complainant  BEFORE T	
9 10	DEPARTMENT OF CON STATE OF CAL	
11	In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	Case No. 2008-336
12	HELEN JANICE RIESEN aka	A COCKET OF A CONT
13	HELEN JANICE COLWELL 306 F St., Apt A	ACCUSATION
14	Bakersfield, CA 93304 Registered Nurse License No. 255515	
15	Respondent.	
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17	Complainant alleges:	
18	<u>PARTIES</u>	
19	1. Ruth Ann Terry, M.P.H., R.N. (Complainant) brings this Accusation	
.20	solely in her official capacity as the Executive Officer of the Board of Registered Nursing,	
21	Department of Consumer Affairs.	
22	2. On or about January 1, 1975,	the Board of Registered Nursing (Board)
23	issued Registered Nurse License Number 255515 to Helen Janice Riesen aka Helen Janice	
24	Colwell (Respondent). The Registered Nurse License was in full force and effect at all times	
25	relevant to the charges brought herein and will expire on May 31, 2009, unless renewed.	
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28	<i>III</i>	
i	1.	

## JURISDICTION

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	3. This Accusation is brought before the Board under the authority of the	
	following laws. All section references are to the Business and Professions Code (Code) unless	
***************************************	otherwise indicated.	
-	STATUTORY PROVISIONS	
	4 Section 22 subdivision (a) of the Code states:	

- "Board" as used in any provisions of this Code, refers to the board in which the administration of the provision is vested, and unless otherwise expressly provided, shall include "bureau," "commission," "committee," "department," "division," "examining committee," "program," and "agency."
- Section 125.3 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may 5. request the administrative law judge to direct a licentiate found to have committed a violation or violations of the licensing act to pay a sum not to exceed the reasonable costs of the investigation and enforcement of the case.
- Section 2750 of the Code provides, in relevant part, that the Board may 6. discipline any licensee, including a licensee holding a temporary or an inactive license, for any reason provided in Article 3 (commencing with section 2750) of the Nursing Practice Act.
  - 7. Section 2761 of the Code states:

The board may take disciplinary action against a certified or licensed nurse or deny an application for a certificate or license for any of the following:

- (a) Unprofessional conduct, which includes, but is not limited to, the following:
  - (1) Incompetence, or gross negligence in carrying out usual certified or licensed nursing functions.
- (d) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or assisting in or abetting the violating of, or conspiring to violate any provision or term of this chapter [the Nursing Practice Act] or regulations adopted pursuant to it.

## REGULATORY SECTION

8. California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1442, states:

As used in Section 2761 of the Code, "gross negligence" includes an extreme departure from the standard of care which, under similar circumstances, would have ordinarily been exercised by a competent registered nurse. Such an

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extreme departure means the repeated failure to provide nursing care as required or failure to provide care or to exercise ordinary precaution in a single situation which the nurse knew, or should have known, could have jeopardized the client's health or life.

## FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINE

## (Gross Negligence)

- 9. Respondent is subject to disciplinary action under Code section 2761, subdivision (a)(1), for unprofessional conduct in the form of gross negligence, as defined in the California Code of Regulations, title 16, section 1442.
- Respondent was working in the Psychiatric Unit of Good Samaritan Hospital (Good Samaritan) in Bakersfield, California. At 6:15 a.m., Respondent and a nurse's aide found patient David W.1 to be unresponsive and without a pulse. Although Good Samaritan policy requires that cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) measures be provided immediately when a patient is found without a pulse, Respondent failed to provide CPR herself, failed to direct the nurse's aide or any other personnel to provide CPR, and failed to provide any immediate basic lifesaving measures whatsoever. Respondent further failed to call a Code Blue, a procedure through which designated personnel are notified through the paging system that they are needed for urgent lifesaving measures, including CPR. As a result of Respondent's failure to act, CPR and basic lifesaving measures were not instituted until 6:30 a.m., fifteen minutes after Respondent found patient David W. unresponsive. This 15-minute delay decreased the chance that CPR and basic lifesaving measures would work. The lifesaving measures did not work, and patient David W. was pronounced dead at 6:50 a.m. on November 30, 2005.
  - 11. Respondent was grossly negligent in the following respects:
  - a. Respondent failed to insure that CPR was initiated without delay, despite the fact that a Certified Nursing Assistant under her supervision was present at patient David W's bedside. Moreover, Respondent's failure to insure

<sup>1.</sup> The patient's name is not set herein in order to protect the patient's privacy.

1	3. Taking such other and further action as is deemed necessary and proper.
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3	DATED: 6/12/08
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5	Mark W Stark hu
6	RUTH ANN TERRY, M.P.H., R.N.
7	Executive Officer Board of Registered Nursing
8	Board of Registered Nursing Department of Consumer Affairs State of California Complainant
9	Complainant
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